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CHARLESTOWN, JEFFERSON COUNTY, THURSDAY, JULY 25, 1831.

NO. 22.

POETICAL.
From the United States Gazette.
The great sea roll up before,
You dark grey land I see no more,
How sweet thou seemest now,
Thou dark grey land, thy native sand,
Thou land of rock and pine,
Thou land of my golden land,
But can I wave a farewell hand
To such a shore as thine?
I've gazed upon the golden cloud
Which shades thy emerald shore,
Thy hills, which Freedom's share hath plough'd,
Which nurse a race that have not bow'd
Their knee to aught but God,
Thy mountain flocks, which proudly fling
Their waters to the fall—
The birds which cut with rushing wing
The sky that greets thy coming spring,
And thought thy glories small.
But now ye've shrunk to that blue line
Between the sky and sea,
I feel, I feel, that thou art mine,
I feel my bosom cling to thine—
That I am part of thee.
I see thee blended with the wave,
As children see the earth,
Close up a sainted mother's grave,
They weep for her they cannot save,
And feel her holy worth.
Thou mountain land, thou land of rock,
I'm proud to call thee free.
Thy sons are of the Pilgrim stock,
And never like those who stood the shock
At old Thermopylae.
The laurel wreaths their fathers won,
The children wear them still—
Proud deeds these iron men have done,
They fought and won at Bennington,
And Met at Bunker Hill.
There's grandeur in the lightning stroke,
That rives thy mountain ash,
There's glory in the giant oak,
And rainbow beauty in the smoke,
Where chivalry's warriors dash,
There's music in thy winter blast,
That sweeps the hollow glen;
Less sturdy sons would sink aghast
From piercing winds like those thou hast
To nurse thine iron men.
And thou hast gems, yea, living pearls,
And flowers of Eden here,
Thy lowliest are thy bright-eyed girls,
Of fair forms and eyes so clear,
And smiles like Hermion's own—
They've hearts like those who're born to wed,
To proud to nurse a slave,
They'd scorn to share a monarch's bed,
And sooner lay their anointed head
Deep in their humble grave.
And I have left thee, home, alone,
A pilgrim from thy shore,
The wind goes by with hollow moan,
I hear it sigh a warning tone—
"Ye see your home no more!"
I'm cast upon the world's wide sea,
Tom like an ocean weed,
I'm cast away, far—far from thee,
I feel a thing I cannot be—
A bruised and broken reed.
Farewell, my native land, farewell!
That wave has hid thee now—
My heart is low'd as with a spell,
This sailing page—'Would I could tell
What ails my throbbing brow!
One look upon that fading streak
Which bounds yon eastern sky,
One tear to cool my burning cheek,
And then a word I cannot speak—
"My native land—good bye!"
LONG ISLAND SOUND. H. P.

MY NATIVE LAND.
"My native land, Good Night."—BROOK.
The boat swings from the pebbled shore,
And proudly drives her low,
The greatest sea roll up before,
You dark grey land I see no more,
How sweet thou seemest now,
Thou dark grey land, thy native sand,
Thou land of rock and pine,
Thou land of my golden land,
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MISCELLANEOUS.
QUEEN MARY'S MARRIAGE.
The following description of the marriage of Mary, Queen of Scots, to the French Prince Francis, is extracted from Bell's History of this celebrated woman.
The marriage for which so many preparations had thus been made, was solemnized in the church of Notre Dame, the ceremony being performed by the Cardinal of Bourbon, Archbishop of Rouen. Upon this occasion, the festivities were graced by the presence of all the most illustrious personages of the court of France; and when Francis, taking the ring from his finger presented it to the archbishop, who, pronouncing the benediction, placed it on the young queen's finger, the vaulted roof of the cathedral rung with congratulations, and the multitude without rent the air with joyful shouts. The spectacle was altogether one of the most imposing which, even in that age of spectacles, had been seen in Paris. The procession, upon leaving the church, proceeded to the palace of the archbishop, where a magnificent collation was prepared, — largesses, as it moved along being proclaimed among the people, in the name of the King and Queen of Scots. In the afternoon, the loyal party returned to the palace of the Tournelles—Catherine de Medices and Mary sitting together in the same palanquin, and a cardinal walking on each side. Henry and Francis followed on horseback, with a long line of princes and princesses in their train. The chronicler of these nuptials is unable to conceal his rapture, when he describes the manner in which the palace had been prepared for their reception. "Its whole appearance he tells us, was 'light and beautiful as Elysium.'" During supper, which was served upon a marble table in the great hall, the

king's hand of "one hundred gentlemen" poured forth delicious strains of music. The members of parliament attended in their robes, and the princes of the blood performed the duty of servants—the Duke of Guise acting as master of the ceremonies. The banquet being concluded, a series of the most magnificent masks and mummers were introduced. In the pageant, twelve artificial horses of admirable mechanism, covered with cloth of gold, and ridden by the young heirs of noble houses, attracted deserved attention. They were succeeded by six galleys, which sailed into the hall, each rich as Cleopatra's barge, and bearing on its deck two seats, the one filled by a young cavalier, who, as he advanced, carried off from among the spectators, and gently placed in the vacant chair, the lady of his love. A splendid tournament concluded these rejoicings.

During the whole of these solemnities, every eye was fixed on the youthful Mary; and, inspired by those feelings which beauty seldom fails to excite, every heart offered up prayers for her future welfare and happiness. She was now at that age when feminine loveliness is perhaps most attractive. It is not to be supposed, indeed, that in her sixteenth year, her charms had ripened into that full-blown maturity which they afterwards attained; but they were, on this account, only the more fascinating. Some have conjectured that Mary's beauty has been extolled far beyond its real merits; and it cannot be denied that many vague and erroneous notions exist regarding it. But that her countenance possessed in a pre-eminent degree the something which constitutes beauty, is sufficiently attested by the unanimous declaration of all cotemporary writers. It is, only, however, by carefully gathering together hints scattered here and there, that any accurate idea can be formed of the lineaments of a countenance which has so long ceased to exist, unless in the fancy of the enthusiast. Generally speaking, Mary's features were more Grecian than Roman, though without the insipidity that would have attached to them, had they been exactly regular. Her nose exceeded a little the Grecian proportion in length. Her hair was very nearly of the same colour as James V's—dark yellow or auburn, and, like his, clustered in luxuriant ringlets. Her eyes, which some writers, misled by the thousand blundering portraits of her scattered every where, conceive to have been gray, or blue or hazel, were of a chestnut colour—darker, yet matching well with her auburn hair. Her brow was high, open and prominent. Her lips were full and expressive, as the lips of the Stuarts generally were; and she had a small dimple in her chin. Her complexion was clear, and very fair, without a great deal of color in her cheeks. Her mother was a woman of large stature, and Mary was also above the common size. Her person was finely proportioned and her carriage exceedingly graceful and dignified.

Adventure at the pyramids.—It is related in a recent French publication that, on the occasion of a visit to one of these huge masses of Egyptian antiquity, a French gentleman, who had neglected to follow the course of his Arab guide, and, on imprudently taking an opposite direction, found himself rapidly sinking, till he had made a frightful descent of about sixty feet. He had fallen into a cavity somewhat resembling a dry well, where he remained in total darkness, not daring to stir, under the apprehension of encountering a lower deep still. He was able to feel the sides of this cavernous abyss; but, on trying to raise himself, he was quickly constrained by the insecurity of the stones, to forego all movement, through the additional dread of being crushed at once, or else of being mutilated and buried alive underneath.

Domestic Industry.—A gentleman returning from a visit to the cotton trade in appearance in town, a few days ago, appeared in a complete *out-of-wilds* product of his own filatory; the whole process of culture, spinning, weaving, and making, having been performed on his own farm, and by his own family. The fabric in appearance, nearly resembles *Angora*, but is much softer, and evidently a superior description of goods. It surpasses any domestic fabric of any kind we have ever seen. The suit is gray mixed, and consists of coat, vest, pantaloons, and stockings.

We have no doubt from what we have already witnessed, that the culture of silk in North Carolina will in the course of a few years become a branch of industry claiming the attention of many of our industrious and enterprising farmers. In a measure it will rival the growth of cotton, and become an article of not only domestic utility, but of revenue to the country. Those who have attempted its culture with proper attention, have always found their efforts crowned with success; and they will yet deserve the gratitude of the people for reducing the theory to successful practice. — [Washington (N. C.) Times.]

At the nuptials of the Hon. Robert Grosvenor, who was lately married to the Hon. Miss Wellesley, the guests partook of a wedding cake made at Chester, which weighed no less than three cwt. and a half. — [Ball. Gaz.]

the poor fellow soon convinced him that he would have been infinitely lost but for this desperate alternative; for there was by him another cavity below of unknown depth, into which the slightest motion or the smallest delay might have caused his precipitation, without hope of ever reascending. This explanation, it may be readily believed, was not unavailingly received by M. Pastrel into lively expressions of gratitude towards the poor Arab.

Sometimes fair truth in fiction we dispense,
Sometimes present her naked to our eyes.
[Spectator.]
The father of Return J. Meigs was born at Middletown, in Connecticut. For some time prior to his settlement in life, he addressed a fair quakeress at Middlefield, some few miles from his father's residence, and found much difficulty in obtaining her hand. She repeatedly answered his protestations of fidelity and attachment with "Nay Jonathan, I respect thee much, but cannot marry thee, for better is a dinner of herbs and contentment, than a stalled ox, and contention therewith." Mr. Meigs finally told Ruth, that he was then paying his last visit as a lover, and should strive to form an alliance with another family, and would therefore bid her farewell. The kind and lengthened word, pronounced with so much softness, fell upon her heart with healing in its tone, and as he mounted his horse to ride off, the quakeress beckoned him to stop, exclaiming, "return Jonathan! return Jonathan!" Mr. Meigs went back and fixed upon a day for the celebration of their nuptials. The first fruit of their union was a son, which the father, in commemoration of the happiest words he had ever heard, spoke, "had baptised 'Return Jonathan,' who afterwards rose to distinction and subsequently to the office of Post-Master General of the United States. — [Boston Gaz.]

Females in London.—On a careful and minute inquiry into the condition of a portion of the female sex in London, it has been calculated, that the number of females of a certain class exceeds 800,000; that these also at present 15,000 girls, children of the poor, who have no visible means of subsistence, the greater part of whom are trained to every variety of vice, and are without shelter or home. It is also ascertained that the number of female servants in London is 165,732; that the time each servant remains in one situation, by an average taken seven different periods, is 462 days; consequently, on an average, 852 leave their situations every day.

On Tuesday last, a young girl about eighteen years of age, was taken up and examined before W. S. Bishop, Esq. on charge of wearing men's apparel. Indeed she appeared in court in male attire, and was ordered to find security for her good behaviour, in default of which she was committed to jail. When taken by the constable, four men stepped forward for her rescue, one of them for his resistance to the civil authority, was apprehended and committed to prison. We are informed that there is a female well known on the line of the canal, who acts as a rider, dressed in male attire. — [Hochester, N. Y. Advertiser.]

Family Jars.
To the Editor of the Globe.
Sir: The Telegraph of this evening, in a commentary on the alleged conspiracy to assassinate Mr. Ingham, contains the following passage:—"We have heard that even Amos Kendall was in the plot and that such after the authority under which he was transacting the duties of the department. — 'The President in justice to himself can only add that it was not intended to alter them.'"
June 8th, 1831.

THE PRESIDENT OF THE U. S.
Sir—Your note of last evening removes the difficulty which had arisen in my mind from that of Monday. — The duties of the office will be attended to as usual until the weights and measures shall be so arranged that the work can progress without embarrassment. I have the honor to be, very respectfully your obedient servant.
S. D. INGHAM.
June 9th, 1831.

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The subject of the letter from Mr. Madison to C. J. Ingersoll, Esq. has been sent to us by the latter for publication. — [Phil. Sent.]
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DEAR SIR—I have received your friendly letter of the 18th inst. The few lines which answered your note of the 21st of January last, were written in haste and in bad health; but they expressed, though without the attention in some respects due to the occasion, a dissent from the views of the President, as to a Bank of the United States and a substitute for it; to which I cannot but adhere. The objections to the latter have appeared to me to preponderate greatly over the advantages expected from it, and the constitutionality of the former I shall regard as sustained by the considerations to which I yielded in giving my assent to the existing bank.
The charge of inconsistency between my objection to the constitutionality of such a bank in 1791 and my assent in 1817, turns on the question, how far legislative precedents, expounding the constitution, ought to guide succeeding legislatures, and to overrule individual opinions.
Some obscurity has been thrown over the question, by confounding it with the respect due from one legislature to laws passed by preceding legislatures. But the two cases are essentially different. A constitution being derived from a superior authority, is to be expounded and obeyed, not controlled or varied by the subordinate authority of a legislature. A law on the other hand, resting on no higher authority than that possessed by every successive legislature, its expediency as well as its meaning is within the scope of the latter.
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Some obscurity has been thrown over the question, by confounding it with the respect due from one legislature to laws passed by preceding legislatures. But the two cases are essentially different. A constitution being derived from a superior authority, is to be expounded and obeyed, not controlled or varied by the subordinate authority of a legislature. A law on the other hand, resting on no higher authority than that possessed by every successive legislature, its expediency as well as its meaning is within the scope of the latter.
The case in question has its true analogy in the obligation arising from judicial expositions of the law of succeeding Judges; the constitution being a law to the legislator, as the law is a rule of decision to the Judges.
And why are judicial precedents, when formed on due discussion and consideration, and deliberately sanctioned by successive legislatures, regarded as of binding influence, or rather of authoritative force, in settling the meaning of a law? It must be answered, 1st, because it is a reasonable and established axiom, that the good of society requires that the rules of conduct of its members should be certain and known, which would not be the case if any judge, disregarding the decisions of his predecessors, should vary the rule of law according to his individual interpretation of it. Misera est servitus ubi jus est aut vagum aut incognitum. 2d, because an exposition of the law publicly made, and repeatedly confirmed by the constituted authority, carries with it, by fair inference, the sanction of those who, having made the law through their legislative organ, appear under such circumstances to have determined its meaning through their judiciary organ.
Can it be of less consequence that the meaning of a constitution should be fixed and known, than that the meaning of a law be so? Can indeed a law be fixed in its meaning and operation, unless the constitution be so? On the contrary, if a particular legislature, differing in the laws themselves, inasmuch as all laws preceding the new construction and inconsistent with it, are not only annulled for the

at no time has he intended the slightest indignity or any thing that could wear such an appearance to any gentleman who has been connected with the government. It ought not nor cannot be conceived that a note hastily written, addressed "acting," when it should have been Secretary of the Treasury, should be considered an in-

after the authority under which he was transacting the duties of the department. — 'The President in justice to himself can only add that it was not intended to alter them.'"
June 8th, 1831.

UNITED STATES BANK.
The subject of the letter from Mr. Madison to C. J. Ingersoll, Esq. has been sent to us by the latter for publication. — [Phil. Sent.]
MONTPELIER, JUNE 25, 1831.
DEAR SIR—I have received your friendly letter of the 18th inst. The few lines which answered your note of the 21st of January last, were written in haste and in bad health; but they expressed, though without the attention in some respects due to the occasion, a dissent from the views of the President, as to a Bank of the United States and a substitute for it; to which I cannot but adhere. The objections to the latter have appeared to me to preponderate greatly over the advantages expected from it, and the constitutionality of the former I shall regard as sustained by the considerations to which I yielded in giving my assent to the existing bank.
The charge of inconsistency between my objection to the constitutionality of such a bank in 1791 and my assent in 1817, turns on the question, how far legislative precedents, expounding the constitution, ought to guide succeeding legislatures, and to overrule individual opinions.
Some obscurity has been thrown over the question, by confounding it with the respect due from one legislature to laws passed by preceding legislatures. But the two cases are essentially different. A constitution being derived from a superior authority, is to be expounded and obeyed, not controlled or varied by the subordinate authority of a legislature. A law on the other hand, resting on no higher authority than that possessed by every successive legislature, its expediency as well as its meaning is within the scope of the latter.
The case in question has its true analogy in the obligation arising from judicial expositions of the law of succeeding Judges; the constitution being a law to the legislator, as the law is a rule of decision to the Judges.
And why are judicial precedents, when formed on due discussion and consideration, and deliberately sanctioned by successive legislatures, regarded as of binding influence, or rather of authoritative force, in settling the meaning of a law? It must be answered, 1st, because it is a reasonable and established axiom, that the good of society requires that the rules of conduct of its members should be certain and known, which would not be the case if any judge, disregarding the decisions of his predecessors, should vary the rule of law according to his individual interpretation of it. Misera est servitus ubi jus est aut vagum aut incognitum. 2d, because an exposition of the law publicly made, and repeatedly confirmed by the constituted authority, carries with it, by fair inference, the sanction of those who, having made the law through their legislative organ, appear under such circumstances to have determined its meaning through their judiciary organ.
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June 8th, 1831.

NOTICE.
whereby given, that an election, to be held, on Monday the 15th next, at the several places in Jefferson county, in person to represent the district, Berkeley, Morgan, Hardy, in the next United States; and two fit persons to represent the county of Jefferson in the House of Delegates of

at House in Charlestown, of the Sheriff, James H. Hays, Daniel Brewer, Conrad Shilines, Daniel Beckler, and for any two of them.

STOCKS.
are invited, and will be the subscriber at Harpers Ferry, who are disposed to purchase for the Hall of Stocks for not less than five or more than twenty thousand.
JOHN H. HALL.

BINDING.
has opened a library in Charlestown, in the residence of John H. Hall, nearly opposite George's shop; where he is ready to receive and to sell old books, and to bring them forward.

REAL SYNOD.
Church in the U. S. and lay delegates, as the different districts, are to assemble at Frederick, on the 30th day, and October next. As this Synod is to transact business of importance to the Church, it will be cheerfully received by the subscribers of the G. S. in the U. S.

SEA GOODS.
another supply of SEA GOODS.
HUMPHREY KEYES.

TAILS.
10d, and 12d, Cut Nails, 10c, 12c, 14c, 16c, 18c, 20c, 22c, 24c, 26c, 28c, 30c, 32c, 34c, 36c, 38c, 40c, 42c, 44c, 46c, 48c, 50c, 52c, 54c, 56c, 58c, 60c, 62c, 64c, 66c, 68c, 70c, 72c, 74c, 76c, 78c, 80c, 82c, 84c, 86c, 88c, 90c, 92c, 94c, 96c, 98c, 100c.

WOOL.
for which I give the highest market price.
HUMPHREY KEYES.

WHEELS.
for which I give the highest market price.
HUMPHREY KEYES.

ANNUM.
advance, but Two Dollars as payment in full, if possible. Should payment be made at the end of the year, it will be invariably charged at the rate of 10 per cent. for each month.

THE FREE PRESS. THURSDAY, JULY 28, 1831.

THE FREE PRESS. The publication of the late Attorney General, has been provided for by various representations...

March, 1831, an act of the Legislature of Virginia, in company with a capital of \$1,000,000...

It is, however, evident that the main Valley which would be the people, and if that route upon, many who have...

We republish the following law, in relation to the administration of personal assets, as a matter of general interest.

AN ACT Further directing the manner of administration of personal assets. Passed March 29, 1831.

It would be a matter of great interest to not only the owner, but even the neighborhood of such a marble quarry...

then adjourned. CAMPBELL, CHIEF. DEPUTY. DEPUTY. DEPUTY.

Resuming Stribling, Esq. of Staunton is announced as a candidate for congress in that district...

AN ACT To provide against the abuse of the bridges across the Potomac and Shenandoah rivers...

Be it enacted by the General Assembly, That if any person or persons shall hereafter wilfully, wantonly, or maliciously, ride upon or drive horses over the Potomac bridge...

2. Be it further enacted, That it shall be the duty of the owner or owners of the bridges aforesaid, to cause to be affixed, at each end of said bridges...

3. Be it further enacted, That all the provisions in this act contained shall be extended and applied to the bridge over James river at the town of Cartersville...

4. This act shall be in force from and after the passage thereof.

The Washington Globe states that ROGEE B. TANEY, Esq. Attorney General of the United States, had arrived in that city...

We learn from a correspondent at Washington, that Col. GARDNER, of Florida, is appointed successor to the celebrated French Gen. BERNARD, in the Engineer Department.

LIBERIA.—The Norfolk Herald publishes a letter from Captain Edmund P. Kennedy, of the U. S. Navy, to the Rev. R. R. Gurley, Secretary of the American Colonization Society...

No dissatisfaction, however was expressed, but on the contrary, the colonists seemed to consider that they had commenced a new & better existence, freed from the mortifying relations in which they formerly stood in society...

THE NEW YORK AMERICAN HAS BEEN FAVORED WITH THE FOLLOWING EXTRACT OF A LETTER FROM GREENOCK, ADDRESSED TO A GENTLEMAN IN NEW YORK.

I neglected to mention to you in my last, the state of Ireland from starvation. You will get it all, no doubt, from the papers; but be assured it is far from being exaggerated.

THE undersigned is authorized to purchase from one to ten thousand bushels of Wheat, for which the highest price in cash will be given.

FRESH SUMMER TURNIP SEED. THE subscriber has for sale, at the Charlestown Book and Apothecary Store, Turnip Seed of a very superior kind, gathered the present season.

THE MARKETS. BALTIMORE, JULY 27. FLOUR.—The wagon price of fresh ground flour today ranges from \$4 75 to \$5 per bushel.

MARRIED. On Thursday last, by the Rev. George M. EBY, Mr. THOMAS CRAWFORD to Miss AERLIA BOSWELL, both of Harpers-Ferry.

DIED. On the 11th inst., at his residence in Culpeper, in the 48th year of his age, Mrs. JAMES HARRIS, nee JAMES HARRIS, daughter of James HARRIS, Esq. of Harpers-Ferry.

NOTICE. The Rev. SEYMOUR TUSTON will preach in the Church at Elk Branch on Saturday next the 30th inst. at 10 o'clock, and also on the Sabbath at the same hour.

AUGUST ELECTION. (THIRD MONTH.) We are authorized to announce WILLIAM ARMSTRONG, Esq. as a candidate to represent the district composed of the counties of Jefferson, Berkeley, Hampshire, Morgan and Hardy, in the next Congress of the United States.

IN A PUBLIC LECTURE LATELY DELIVERED AT PORTLAND, MR. NASH WEBSTER STATED THAT, "TO PREPARE HIMSELF FOR THE GREAT AND PRINCIPAL WORK OF HIS LIFE, HIS ALIQUOTARY, HE MADE HIMSELF ACQUAINTED WITH TWENTY DIFFERENT LANGUAGES."

O'FERRALL'S COFFEE-HOUSE. Bath, Berkeley Springs, Virginia. It is now ready for the reception of company. By late arrangements the proprietors of this establishment are prepared to accommodate their much more company than usual.

A WARNING. THE undersigned having hitherto sustained great inconvenience from the habit which certain persons have, of trespassing upon their farm, especially in the orchard field near Charlestown, carrying off their apples, throwing down the fences, and indulging in convivial meetings at her spring on the Sabbath as well as every other day in the week, with much regret, takes this occasion to inform said persons that he will no longer quietly submit to such practices...

CASH FOR WHEAT. THE undersigned is authorized to purchase from one to ten thousand bushels of Wheat, for which the highest price in cash will be given.

BOLIVAR LOTS. WILL sell, at public sale, on Saturday the 13th day of August next, on the premises, a number of valuable LOTS in the town of Bolivar, lying on Jefferson and Washington streets.

PUBLIC SALE. PURSUANT to the decree of the County Court of Jefferson, made at its last June term, in chancery sitting, in the suit of George Feaman, plaintiff, against Jacob Feaman and others, heirs of the late George Feaman, sr. dec'd, defendants, I shall sell, at public auction, to the highest bidder, on Friday the 12th day of August next, in front of Mr. Daniel Entler's tavern in Shepherdstown, all that certain real estate descended from the said heirs, consisting of three several Lots of ground, situate two of them in the said town, joining each other on Washington street, and known respectively in the Plat thereof by No. 124 and No. 124, containing 8552 square feet each, and having thereon one Dwelling House or more, a Hatter Shop and other conveniences...

TRUST SALE. BY authority of a deed of trust executed by Archibald McCallister, dec'd, late of Harpers-Ferry, to the subscriber, bearing date February 20th, 1829, and duly recorded, I shall, at 4 o'clock, P. M. on Saturday the 20th of August next, proceed to sell, at his late dwelling, one stove, three feather beds, and his other household and kitchen furniture, for ready money, or as much thereof as will effect the purposes of the trust.

TO FARMERS. THE subscriber having taken Maj. John Peter's mill at Hallowden, for a term of years, respectfully informs the farmers of its neighborhood, and his former customers, while at the Charlestown mill, that as the races have been thoroughly cleaned out, the water is now plenty, and there is no doubt but that it will remain so during the present season; therefore, he is well satisfied, that he will be able to furnish Flour on demand to all those who may please to favor him with their wheat, Country work will be promptly attended to, and well ground.

Charlestown Academy. THE Fall Session of this institution will commence on Monday the 29th July. Terms as usual. In Classical Branches, \$15; in English Studies, \$8 per session of twenty-two weeks. Apply to J. H. TYNG, July 7, 1831.

HACK FOR HIRE. THIS subscriber has a neat and strong Hack with good horses and careful driver, which will at all times be ready to wait on the public. The greatest care will be taken, but he will not be answerable for the loss of any baggage.

Fine Furniture. THROUGHLY MADE BEDSTEAD SOFA, combining the advantages of a pleasant bed and a Carlow's Sofa. Apply at Sloan's cabinet shop, Charlestown. July 28, 1831.

SALE OF SLAVES. BY virtue of a decree of the County Court of Jefferson, in chancery sitting, the undersigned will sell SEVEN VALUABLE SLAVES, belonging to the estate of Joseph Vanvactor, dec'd. They consist of one man, about 21 years of age, one woman, about 20 years of age, and five children, of various ages, and the other 3.

Most Brilliant Scheme! NO BLANKS!! Virginia Free-Road Lottery, THIRD CLASS, FOR 1831. Highest Prize \$10,000. One do. 3,000. One do. 2,000. Two do. 1,000. &c. &c.

Virginia Free-Road Lottery, THIRD CLASS. TO be drawn at the White Sulphur Springs, Greenbrier county, on Wednesday the 17th August, 1831. Prizes of 10,000, 3,000, 2,000, 1,000, &c. &c.

Strayed or Stolen. FROM the subscriber, at Harpers-Ferry, on the night of the 24th inst. a small BAY MARE, with dark legs, mane and tail, has a scar on one of her fore-legs near her fore-shoulders of laying been worked in harness—she generally trots. Whoever takes up the thief and mare, or returns the latter to the subscriber, shall be handsomely rewarded.

NEW MUSIC. A CHOICE selection of New Music, just received and for sale by WM. CLEVELAND, July 28.

THOMAS HOTEL, BATH—BERKELEY SPRINGS. THE undersigned, grateful for the liberal encouragement he has heretofore received, and determined to leave nothing undone to merit a continuance of it, respectfully begs leave to acquaint the public that in addition to the buildings occupied by him last summer, he has rented a new and extensive Boarding House lately erected by Col. Robert Gustin, which has been finished and laid off in the best manner for the accommodation of company, and where those who intend to favor him with their company will please to call.

TO ROAD MAKERS. SEALED proposals will be received until Friday the 31st day of August next, for constructing a road from Charlestown to Smithfield. Two routes have been surveyed, and contractors are requested to state their terms for each, and to give estimates for grading only, as well as for turpentine in the common way, and MacAdamizing. The road is to be opened 30 feet, the grading is to be 24 feet in width, and no where to exceed an elevation of 33 degrees. The two routes will be chosen by the President or any of the Directors, previous to the day of entering into contracts, and other information given. Letters on the subject must be addressed to Bushrod C. Washington, President of the Smithfield, Charlestown, and Harpers-Ferry Road, at Charlestown, Va.

SALES THIS WEEK. Mm, &c. for Sale.

PURSUANT to the decree of the Superior Court of Chancery for the Winchester District made at the last term, in the suit of Joseph Entler, dec'd, against the administrators of his estate, Messrs. Daniel Entler and others, public auction, to the highest bidder, at Mr. Daniel Entler's tavern in Shepherdstown, on Friday the 22nd day of this month, the following real estate...

PURSUANT to the decree of the Winchester District Court, made on the 9th day of this month, in the suit wherein Michael Hunsicker is complainant, and Daniel and Henry Hunsicker and others are defendants, I shall sell, at public auction, to the highest bidder, at the dwelling house of Mrs. Eve Hunsicker, in the town of Peter Hunsicker, dec'd, on the Onequon, in Jefferson county, on Saturday the 30th day of July next, the undivided interest of said Daniel and Henry Hunsicker in the real estate left them by their father, the said Peter Hunsicker, who was entitled to two-eighths of the estate...

TRUST SALE. BY virtue of two deeds of trust, executed by George Miller to John Baker and Aaron Jewell, and of a decree of the County Court of Jefferson in chancery sitting, I will offer for sale, to the highest bidder, for cash, on Saturday the 30th day of this month, at Daniel Entler's tavern in Shepherdstown, all that lot, parcel, or tract of Land in said town, lying at the intersection of Princess street and High street, designated in the Plat of said town as Lot No. 61, and bounded as follows: Beginning at the intersection of High and Princess streets, and running with the last mentioned street to John Embert's line, thence with his line to Catherine Wehmer's lot, thence with the line of her lot to High street, thence with said street to the building; Together with the appurtenances, consisting of a good Dwelling House, a large Carriage House, and a stable, which property would suit a man who would carry on the Carriage-making business.

SALE POSTPONED. Public Sale of Road-Stock. IN pursuance of the act of Assembly, and an order of the President and Directors of the Smithfield, Charlestown, and Harpers-Ferry Turnpike Company, and of the Board of the Capital Stock of said Company, (upon which none of the instalments have been paid) will be sold at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, at Beckham's Hotel in Charlestown, on Saturday the 16th day of July ensuing. Sale to commence at 12 o'clock, M.

TO ROAD MAKERS. SEALED proposals will be received until Friday the 31st day of August next, for constructing a road from Charlestown to Smithfield. Two routes have been surveyed, and contractors are requested to state their terms for each, and to give estimates for grading only, as well as for turpentine in the common way, and MacAdamizing. The road is to be opened 30 feet, the grading is to be 24 feet in width, and no where to exceed an elevation of 33 degrees. The two routes will be chosen by the President or any of the Directors, previous to the day of entering into contracts, and other information given. Letters on the subject must be addressed to Bushrod C. Washington, President of the Smithfield, Charlestown, and Harpers-Ferry Road, at Charlestown, Va.

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VARIETY.

WITH A TRIFLING PRESENT. Not want of heart, but want of art. Hush made my gift so small. Then, loving heart, take hourly love. To make amends for all.

SUNDAY is, by many millions of persons in France, Italy, Germany, &c. a day of religious observance. It is a day of fasting, of abstinence, of prayer, of meditation, of charity, of beneficence.

The Last Abode of the Bourbons.—It is settled that Hungary is to be the country to which Charles X. and his family retire on leaving Holywood House.

Goliath of Gath, was eleven feet and four inches in height. His brazen helmet weighed 15 lbs. His target, or collar, affixed between his shoulders to defend his neck, about 30 lbs.

Memorable saying of Kosciuszko.—When this brave Pole arrived at Cra-cow, where the revolution commenced, he made, to the little band of patriots under his command, the following heart-stirring speech: "We are not strong enough in number to be victorious, but we are enough to die with honor in defending."

A neat compliment.—Shagollette, the other day, in speaking of his first violin player, declared, "That both as a man and a musician he was most praiseworthy; as a man for the tenor of his conduct, as a musician for the conduct of his tenor."

GARLEGANT'S Balsam of Health.

The subscriber has just received from the proprietor, John S. Miller, a supply of Garle-gant's celebrated Balsam of Health, a remedy extensively used in many parts of Europe and the United States for the cure of DYSPEPSIA, and many other diseases which proceed from a morbid condition of the stomach.

\$100 REWARD.

AN away from the subscriber living near Charlottesville, Jefferson county, Va. on Sunday night the 5th instant, a dark mulatto woman, named RACHEL.

(Formerly Mr. Robert Fulton's cook.) About thirty years of age, five feet 6 or 7 inches high, strong made, and inclined to be fleshy, has been dark eyes, some marks like those of the small pox about her nose, and some slight scars on her arms.

PRINTING MATERIALS FOR SALE.

THE subscriber will sell low, for Cash, the MATERIALS of the late establishment of the "Pioneer," (Shepherdstown, Va.) consisting of a Superroyal Press, 1. Font of Bourgeois—350 lbs.

ELECTION NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given, that an election will be held on Monday the 15th day of August next, at the several places appointed by law in Jefferson county, to choose one fit person to represent the district of Jefferson, Berkeley, Morgan, Hampshire, and Hardy, in the next Congress of the United States; and two fit persons to represent the county of Jefferson in the next House of Delegates of Virginia, viz: At the Court House in Charlestown.

At Shepherdstown, under the supervision of the Deputies, Conrad Shindler, Jacob Haines, Daniel Buckler, and John Dugley, or any two of them. At Shepherdstown, under the supervision of James Shirley, J. Thomas, Tim-berlake, James Grant, Arthur Bell, and Samuel Stone, or any two of them.

RIFLE STOCKS.

PROPOSALS are invited, and will be received by the subscriber at Harpers-Ferry, from those who are disposed to furnish ROUGH STOCKS for the Hall's Rifles, in quantities of not less than five thousand nor more than twenty thousand.

BOOK BINDING.

THE undersigned has opened a Book Bindery in Charlestown, in a room adjoining the residence of John S. Gallaher, and nearly opposite George Isler's saddle shop; where he is ready to execute work in a neat and substantial style.

Valuable Jefferson Land FOR SALE.

THE subscriber, as the agent and attorney of Thomas Fairfax, Esq. of Alexandria, offers for sale that valuable estate in Jefferson county, Virginia, called "The Hamlet," consisting of 673 ACRES OF LAND.

Winchester & Potomac Rail Road Company.

SIXTY days having elapsed since the opening of the books to receive subscriptions of stock in the Winchester and Potomac Rail Road Company, and stock having been subscribed to an amount exceeding one hundred thousand dollars, the sum required to enable the subscribers to form themselves into a corporate body.

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NOTICE.

AS it is absolutely necessary to settle the business of L. Wernwag & L. Wernwag & Sons, at Harpers-Ferry, this is to give notice, to all persons indebted to the above firm, to come forward and close their accounts by cash or notes, previous to the 25th inst.

Brass Knobbed Locks, &c.

WE have just received an additional supply of Smith's celebrated Knob Locks, made of Patent Iron and Brass, which will be sold at the manufacturer's prices.

1,700 LABORERS WANTED.

THE subscribers, contractors on the Baltimore and Ohio Rail-Road, want to employ 1,700 LABORERS, to whom One Dollar a day will be punctually paid. This work is in one of the most healthy and pleasant parts of the U. States.

Stone-Cutters and Stone-Masons.

will also find employment on this work, at very liberal wages. Inquire at Ridgeville and New-Market, on the turnpike road, and at Fredericktown. James Ensh, Matthew Barland, W. H. French, Lloyd Fitzphrey, John Grey, Simon Freize, Christopher Midler, Jesse Greenfield, James Gosgrave, Edward Dawes, David Lemmon, Robert Williams, S. F. Smith, John Horton, J. B. Cahoon, Harvey Spalding, D. K. Cannon, Patrick Keen, H. A. Clements, July 14, 1831.

SUMMER GOODS.

I AM now receiving and opening a handsome assortment of SEASONABLE GOODS, which shall be sold very cheap. My customers and the public generally are most respectfully invited to call and supply themselves. WM. CLEVELAND. June 25, 1831.

WINES, &c.

SIX CASES pure Medoc Claret WINES, 6 do. do. Muscatel do. 4 doz. Baked Salt; JUST received and for sale by G. W. HAMMOND. April 21, 1831.

VALUABLE BOOKS FOR SALE.

THE subscriber has just received at the Charlestown Apothecary and Book Store, the following works, which he offers for sale at very reduced prices, viz: History of England, by Hume; Smollett and Miller's vols. Gibbon's Rome 4 vols. Russel's Modern Europe 3 vols. Gilt's Grammar, Spanish do. Ramsay's Universal History 12 do. Neal's History Puritans 6 do. Josephus' Works 2 do. Musheim's Ecclesiastical History 8 do. Clough's Defence of the Protestant Reformation 2 vols. Johnson's Works 2 vols. English Drama 2 do. Robertson's History of America 1 do. Robertson's History of Charles the 5th 1 do. Robertson's History of Scotland 1 do. Burns' Works 1 do. Scott's Life of Napoleon 2 do. Smellie's Philosophy 1 do. Horn's Introduction to the Critical Study & Knowledge of the Holy Scriptures 4 do. Magee on Atonement 1 do. McKnight on the Epistles do. Burns' History of the Reformation 2 do. Byron's Works 8vo 1 do. Moore's (Thomas) Works 8vo 1 do. Scott's Poetical Works 8vo 1 do. Crab's Poetical Works 8vo 1 do. Paley's Works, in Verse and Prose 1 vol. Hume's Philosophical Essays 2 do. Federalist, on the New Constitution 1 do. Contemplations, Moral and Divine, by Sir Matthew Hule 1 do. Paley's Works, Stern's Works May 5, JAMES BROWN.

CYCLOPEDIA FOR SALE.

FOR SALE at the Charlestown Apothecary and Book Store, "The Cyclopaedia; or, Universal Dictionary of Arts, Sciences and Literature." By Abram Rees, D. D. F. R. S. E. &c. &c. The above described work is complete, bound in calf leather, lettered and numbered, and will be sold low. April 7, 1831. JAMES BROWN.

GENERAL SYNOD.

Of the Lutheran Church in the U. S. The clerical and lay-delegates appointed by the different district Synods, are requested to assemble at Frederick, Maryland, on the 30th day, and last Sunday of October next. As this Synod will be called upon to transact business of vital importance to the Church, advisory brethren will be cheerfully received, if due information of their intention to be present, be given to the subscriber. DAVID SCHEFFER, Secretary of the G. S. in the U. S. July 14, 1831.

Superior Beaver Hats.

THE subscriber has just received a fresh supply of BEAVER HATS, of the finest quality ever brought to this market, also, a very excellent assortment of Drab Hats, of all prices. He ventures to assert, without fear of contradiction or exaggeration, that his present stock of Hats, as it respects quality, quantity, or price, is greatly superior to what it ever has been in this place, and earnestly hopes that his very great exertions to reach his stock of Hats, Boots and Shoes, such as they are, may not go unrequited. He respectfully asks a call from all persons wishing to supply themselves with any of the above articles. N. BUCKMASTER. Charlestown, June 16, 1831.

Ready-Made Clothing, HATS and SHOES.

THE above Goods have just been opened and will be sold low. Their assortment of Shoes being very extensive, persons cannot fail to be suited. Call and examine. Russell & Fitzsimmons, July 14, 1831.

SUPERFINE FAMILY FLOUR, for sale by G. W. HAMMOND.

July 30, 1831.

Office of the Chesapeake and Ohio Canal Co.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN: that an instalment of two dollars and fifty cents per share, (being the 21st instalment) on every share of stock in the Chesapeake and Ohio Canal Company, is required to be paid on the 5th day of September next; and a further sum of two dollars and fifty cents per share, (being the 22d instalment) on the 1st day of November next; which instalments must be paid to the credit of the Chesapeake and Ohio Canal Company, to the cashier or other officer of said company at the following places, viz: The Branch Bank of the United States at Washington, The Bank of Washington, at Washington, The Farmers and Merchants Bank, at Georgetown, The Bank of Alexandria, at Alexandria, The Bank of Potomac, do. The Farmers' Bank of Alexandria, do. The Mechanics' Bank of Alexandria, do. The Hagerstown Bank, in Hagerstown, Md., The Branch of the Valley Bank, in Charlestown, Va. And the Branch of the Valley Bank, in Leesburg, Va.

By order of the President and Directors: JOHN P. INGLE, Clerk. Ches. & Ohio Canal Co. July 7, 1831.—w/Nov.

Harpers-Ferry New Store.

THE undersigned, having purchased the entire Stock of Goods of Messrs. Ford & Chapman, have, in addition, just received a large and splendid assortment of Spring and Summer Goods, Selected with care from the New York market, which they now offer to the public at very reduced prices for cash or country produce. Their assortment is complete, consisting of Dry Goods, Groceries, Hardware, Crockery and Glassware; all of which they pledge themselves to sell as cheap as can be purchased in the country. Their friends and the public generally are respectfully invited to call and examine prices and quality. SMITH & PATTERSON. May 26, 1831.

Liquors and Groceries.

MADEIRA, Sherry, Lisbon, Port, and Malaga WINES, French Brandy, Spanish do. Neale's Spirit, Domestic do. Peach Brandy, old Apple do. Cordials, and a large supply of Groceries of all kinds, all just received and for sale by George W. Hammond. April 21, 1831.

Wool! Wool!!

I WISH to purchase a large quantity of WOOL of all qualities, for which I will give the highest prices. April 21, G. W. HAMMOND.

SUMMER GOODS.

I AM now opening another supply of SEASONABLE GOODS, which shall be sold very cheap. HUMPFREY KEYES. June 30.

Snuff, Cigars, and Tobacco.

A SUPPLY of the above articles, of a very best quality, has just been received and for sale by N. BUCKMASTER. June 16, 1831.

NAILS.

Do. 4d, 6d, 8d, 10d, and 12d, Cut Nails, do. 8d and 10d Fencing do. 6d, 8d, and 10d Wrought do. 6d, 8d, and 10d Cut Spikes, Cut and Wrought Brads, For sale cheap by W. N. RIDDLE & CO. June 9, 1831.

Fresh Burnt Lime.

FROM 1200 to 1500 bushels of fresh burnt LIME, for sale by the subscriber, near Smithfield, on reasonable terms. BENJ. B. WELSH. June 23, 1830.—Bt

FRESH BURN'T LIME.

The subscriber has a Kilo of fresh burnt LIME, for sale on fair terms. WM. CLEVELAND. June 2, 1831.

WOOL.

I WISH to purchase WOOL, for which I will give the highest market price. HUMPFREY KEYES. April 21.

MORE WOOL.

THE subscribers, agents for John N. Riddle & Co. Martinsburg, will give the highest price for Cash or Merchandise, for clean common WOOL. WM. N. RIDDLE & CO. May 10, 1831.

WANTED.

THE subscriber wishes to purchase a large quantity of WOOL, for which the highest price will be given in merchandise. William Cleveland. April 21, 1831.

NEW GOODS.

At Market-Square, Harpers-Ferry. THE subscribers again have the pleasure of announcing to their friends and customers that they are just receiving and opening a handsome stock of STAPLE and FANCY GOODS, consisting of Super, medium and common Cloths, do. do. do. Cassimere, do. do. do. (a large supply and cheap) Georgia, French, English, Lisle, Beaver, Green, bang, driving, Princetons, French and Rue Cassimere, Silk Valencia and Marselles Vestings, Pongee, Cape de Lyon, Barage, Palmareen, Plain and elegant Gros de Naples, Italian Lustring, Sealings and French Silks, Satin, French painted merino, Hales, Ribbons, &c. &c. &c. and a handsome assortment of each print, Plain, oriental and striped Gingham, Green, black and white gauze Veils, Muslin collars and capes, Black, white, slate and random Hops and half do.

A large supply of brown & bleached Linens, Summer stripes and Satteen, 7-8 and 4-4 Irish Linen, Kensing, Linen Cambric, im. do. Bishop Lawns, Cambric, Jaconets, Book, Mull and Swiss Muslins, Italian Silk, Jaconet and Swiss Cravats, Crapes, Bandons and flag Handkerchiefs, Table Diaper, birds-eye and Russia do. Marselles Quills 19-4 and 12-4, Rich bonnet and belt Ribbands, Gentlemen's linen Collars and Stocks, Silk Umbrellas and Parasols, A large supply of brown & bleached Linens, Summer stripes and Satteen, 7-8 and 4-4 Irish Linen, Kensing, Linen Cambric, im. do. Bishop Lawns, Cambric, Jaconets, Book, Mull and Swiss Muslins, Italian Silk, Jaconet and Swiss Cravats, Crapes, Bandons and flag Handkerchiefs, Table Diaper, birds-eye and Russia do. 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